FUMARIC ACID

Antimicrobial effect on lactic acid bacteria

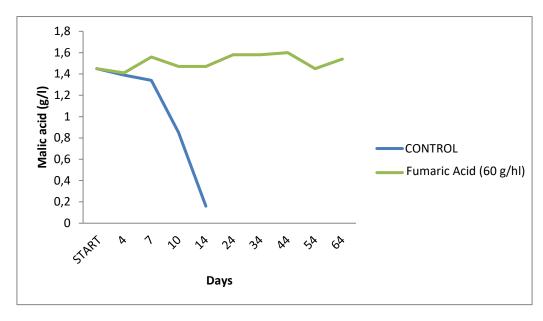
CHARACTERISTICS

Fumaric acid is a biological stabiliser that has a bactericidal and bacteriostatic effect on lactic acid bacteria – i.e., it kills and prevents the growth of lactic acid bacteria. It inhibits malolactic fermentation (MLF) at low doses and with no organoleptic repercussions.

APPLICATION

In white and red wine:

- 1. It controls of the growth and activity of lactic acid bacteria
- 2. It reduces the sulphur dioxide dosage
- 3. It preserves malic acid content



Evolution of malic acid concentration after treatment with fumaric acid

COMPOSITION

Fumaric acid (E297)



DOSAGE

Wine: 30-60 g/hl

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

- 1. Resuspend in 15 times its weight in wine, shaking
- 2. Incorporate into the total volume of the wine, ensuring homogenisation. Ensure a temperature above 10°C

PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

White crystalline powder.

PRESENTATION

20 kg container.

PHYSICO-CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

EP 895 (rev.0)

Content [%]	>99
pH (0.05%)	3 – 3.2
Humidity [%]	< 0.5
Sulphated ash [%]	< 0.1
Maleic acid [%]	< 0.1
As [mg/kg]	< 3
Pb [mg/kg]	< 2
Hg [mg/kg]	< 1

Change of total acidity and pH of a Garnacha red wine with pH 3.71 and total acidity of 5.33 g/l after treatment with different doses of Fumaric Acid

Treatment	рН	Total Acidity (g/l)
Control	3.71	5.33
Fumaric Acid - 30 g/hl	3.65	5.69
Fumaric Acid - 60 g/hl	3.59	6.04

Treatments carried out on wine of the Garnacha variety. 2021 grape harvest

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STORAGE

Store in the original container in a cool, dry, odour-free place.

Once opened, use as soon as possible.

Best before: within 2 years after packaging.

RGSEAA: 31.00391/CR

This product complies with the International Oenological Codex and with Regulation (EU) 2022/68.

The information in this data sheet represents our current knowledge. The company does not accept liability for improper use of the product outside of the regulatory framework.