



Enozym Glu(an

Improves must and wine filtering and fining. Ideal for sur lie ageing.

Characteristics

Enozym Glucan is a 1.3–1.6 β-glucanase enzymatic preparation especially designed for hydrolysis of glucans present in musts and wines.

1.Improves fining and filterability. Allows ß-glucans produced by Botrytis cinerea (which hinder must settling and wine clarification and filtering) to be broken down.

2.Accelerates sur lie ageing. Acts upon ß-glucans present in yeasts' cell walls, permitting polysaccharide extraction.

APPLICATIONS

Treatment of musts and wines affected by rot.

- •Improves settling of musts. When applied with pectolytic enzymes, **Enozym Glucan** acts as a colloidal precipitation aid, preventing subsequent clarification and filtering problems.
- Makes possible and improves filtering and fining of white and red wines made from grapes affected by rot.

Improves wine fining and filtering. Combining **Enozym Glucan** with a pectolytic enzyme (Enovin Clar or Enovin Pectinase):

- Reduces product dosage and increases fining agent efficiency.
- Reduces lee volume and increases performance.
- •Improves filtration quality and efficiency.
- Enhances press wine clarification and quality.
- Permits clarification of wines made from over-ripe or raisined grapes.

Sur lie ageing. Aids extraction of polysaccharides (mannoproteins), which add body and structure.

- Reduces sur lie ageing time.
- Plays an anti-reductive role and prevents microbiological deviation derived from prolonged barrel-ageing.
- •Improves subsequent filtering, preventing aromatic losses during filtration.
- Its use in red wines enhances colour stability and mellows tannins.

ENZYME ACTIVITY

1.3–1.6 ß-glucanase enzymatic preparation. Minimum activity: 100 ß-gluc U/g.

Free of cinnamyl esterase activity. Does not contain anthocyanase (ß-glucosidase) activity.



Enzimes

DOSAGE

Treatment of musts and wines affected by rot.

White wines Vino tinto

> 3 g/hl

7 días

Improves wine fining and filtering.(*)

White wines Red wines

> 3 g/hl

7 a 15 días

(*)When used in combination with pectolytic enzymes at 2 g/hl.

Sur lie ageing

White wines Red wines

3 g/hl 5 g/hl

> 15 días

Enzymatic activity is most effective at temperatures >12 °C. Temperatures below 10 °C may be compensated for with higher doses and/or longer reaction times.

Doses in red wines are higher due to these wines' higher polyphenol content.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

- 1. Dilute the dose of Enozym Glucan in 10 times its weight of water or wine.
- 2. Add the solution to the vat and stir thoroughly.

Precautions for use.

- •Before treating wines affected by rot, it is advisable to perform an alcohol test to check for the presence of -glucans.
- •During treatment with lees, sediment must be maintained in suspension to avoid risk of reduction.
- ${ullet}$ SO $_2$ does not typically interfere in enzymatic activity at the habitually administered doses. However, it should not be added in conjunction with this enzymatic preparation.
- •Do not use with bentonite, as this will absorb the enzyme, rendering it inactive.

PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Cream-coloured granules.

PACKAGING

100-g packets.

PHYSICO-CHEMICAL AND MICROBIOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Pb [mg/kg]	< 5
Hg [mg/kg]	< 0,5
As [mg/kg]	< 3
Cd [mg/kg]	< 0,5
Salmonella [UFC/25 g]	Absent
Total coliforms [UFC/g]	< 30
E. coli [UFC/25 g]	Absent
Antimicrobial activity	Undetectable
Mycotoxins	Undetectable

PRODUCTION

Enozym Glucan is obtained using natural methods from non-genetically modified (GMO-free) strains of the filamentous fungus *Trichoderma harzianum*. The enzymes are extracted with water, purified, and concentrated and standardized.

STORAGE

Store in the original packaging in a cool, dry, odour-free place.

Once open, maintain at a temperature of 4°C and use as soon as possible.

Prolonged exposure to temperatures above 35°C and/or moisture will reduce its effectiveness.

Best before: 3 years from packaging.

RGSEAA: 31.00391/CR

This product complies with the International Oenological Codex and EC Regulation No 606/2009.